

Product Name: CITRUS 7000

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SECTION 1 – STATEMENT OF CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION			
Trade Name:	CITRUS 7000		
SUPPLIER:	Synforce (Aust.) Pty Ltd		
ADDRESS:	PO Box 7181 Urangan, Hervey Bay, QLD. 4655		
TELEPHONE:	07-41253531	FAX:	07-41253521
AH EMERGENCY TELEPHONE:	13 1126 in Australia	Product Code:	s8104
Substance:	Water based detergent	Product Use:	Alkali cleanser
Creation Date:	Aug 2018	Revision Date:	Aug 2023

SECTION 2 – HAZARDS IDENTIFIC	ATION	
Classification of the substance of		
Poisons Schedule	S5 (ALKALINE SALTS)	
Dangerous Goods	Not classified as Dangerous Goods	
GHS Classification	Serious Eye Damage/Irritation Category 1	
	<ul> <li>Skin Irritation Category 2</li> <li>Skin Sensitisation Category 1</li> </ul>	
Label elements	Skill Sellsitisation Category 1	
GHS label pictograms		
	GHS05 GHS07	
Signal word	DANGER	
Hazard statement(s)		
H318	Causes serious eye damage.	
H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Precautionary statement(s): Gen	eral	
P102	Keep out of reach of children.	
P103	Read label before use.	
Precautionary statement(s): Prev	vention	
P261	Avoid breathing fume/ mist/ vapours/spray.	
P280	Wear eye protection/face protection and protective gloves.	
P264		
P272		
Precautionary statement(s): Res	ponse	
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if	
	present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.	
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	
P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.	
P332 + P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.	
P362	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.	
P321	Specific treatment (see First Aid Measures on Safety Data Sheet).	



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P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.	
Precautionary statement(s): Storage		
	None allocated	
Precautionary statement(s): Disp	oosal	
P501	Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with local regulations.	
Note		
IMPORTANT	This SDS and the Hazard Classifications contained therein, only apply to the product in its	
	concentrated form, as supplied.	
	When diluted to 1:10 or greater they no longer apply.	
	However, good hygiene and housekeeping practices should be adhered to.	

Ingredients:	CAS Number:	Proportion:
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	<10% w/w
Disodium metasilicate	10213-79-3	<10% w/w
Alkyl poly glycoside	68515-73-1	<10% w/w
Alcohol Ethoxylates	68131-39-5	
	68439-46-3	<10% w/w
p-mentha-1,8-diene	5989-27-5	<10% w/w
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether	107-98-2	<10% w/w
Ingredients determined to be non-hazardous	various	< 10 % w/w
Water	7732-18-5	To 100 % w/w

NOTE: Ingredients determined not to be hazardous are present in concentrations that do not exceed the relevant cut-off concentrations as found from NOHSC publication "List of Designated Hazardous Substances" or have been found NOT to meet the criteria of a hazardous substance as defined in the NOHSC publication "Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances", or have been found NOT to meet the criteria of a dangerous substance as defined in the GLOBALLY HARMONIZED SYSTEM OF CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING OF CHEMICALS (GHS), 4th edition United Nations 2011. Listed ingredients may be below the cut-off concentrations for classification as hazardous, but are listed for information purposes and for additive effects.

SECTION 4 – FIRST AID I	MEASURES
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air away from exposure. Obtain medical attention if symptoms occur.
Skin contact	Immediately wash contaminated skin with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before re-use. Seek medical advice (e.g. doctor) if irritation, burning or
	redness persists.
Eye contact	If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eyes continuously with running water. Remove contact lenses. Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes. Seek immediate medical attention.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Do NOT attempt to give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water immediately. Give water to drink. If vomiting occurs, give further water to achieve effective dilution. Seek immediate medical advice (e.g. doctor).
Advice to Doctor	Treat symptomatically and supportively.
Scheduled Poisons	Poisons Information Centre in each Australian State capital city or in Christchurch, New Zealand can provide additional assistance for scheduled poisons. (Phone Australia 131126 or New Zealand 0800 764 766).
First Aid Facilities	Eyewash, safety shower and normal washroom facilities.



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Fire and Explosion	Non flammable liquid. However, on evaporation of the aqueous component, the residual	
Hazards	material may burn. Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas.	
<b>Extinguishing Media</b>	Use an extinguishing media suitable for surrounding fires. Use carbon dioxide (CO2) fire	
	extinguisher, water fog, foam or fine water spray.	
Fire Fighting	Keep containers exposed to extreme heat cool with water spray. Fire fighters to wear self-	
	contained breathing apparatus if risk of exposure to products of combustion or decomposition.	
Flash Point	None	

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES			
<b>Emergency Procedures</b>	Occupational Release		
	Minor spills do not normally need any special clean-up measures. In the event of a major spill,		
	prevent spillage from entering drains or water-courses. Wear appropriate protective		
	equipment as in section 8 below to prevent skin and eye contamination. Spilt material may		
	result in a slip hazard and should be absorbed into dry, inert material (e.g. sand, earth or		
	vermiculite), which then can be put into appropriately labelled drums for disposal by an		
	approved agent according to local conditions. Residual deposits will remain slippery. Wash area		
	down with excess water. If required, neutralize with citric acid. If contamination of sewers or		
	waterways has occurred advise the local emergency services. In the event of a large spillage		
	notify the local environment protection authority or emergency services.		

SECTION 7 – HAND	DLING AND STORAGE
Handling	Avoid skin or eye contact with concentrate. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. Avoid contact with incompatible materials. When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke. Keep containers closed at all times. Avoid physical damage to containers. Always wash hands with water after handling. Work clothes should be laundered. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.
Storage	Store in a cool dry well-ventilated area. Store away from oxidising agents and acids. Keep containers closed when not in use, securely sealed and protected against physical damage. Inspect regularly for deficiencies such as damage or leaks. Store in original packages as approved by manufacturer. Ensure that storage conditions comply with applicable local and national regulations. Protect from freezing. For information on the design of the storeroom, reference should be made to Australian Standard AS 3780 The storage and handling of corrosive substances. Ensure that storage conditions comply with applicable local and national regulations.

SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE C	ONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION		
Exposure Limits	National Occupational Exposure Limits, as published by National Occupational Health & Safety		
	Commission:		
	Time-weighted Average (TWA):		
	None established for product.		
	<ul> <li>sodium hydroxide TWA: 2mg/m3 Peak limitation</li> </ul>		
	Propylene glycol monomethyl ether: 100ppm, 369 mg/m3		
	• Ethanol: 1000ppm 1880mg/m3		
	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):		
	None established for product.		
	Propylene glycol monomethyl ether: 150 ppm, 553 mg/m3		
Ventilation	If the engineering controls are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of vapours/mists		
	below the exposure standards, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.		



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Personal Protective Equipment	Use good occupational work practice. The use of protective clothing and equipment depends upon the degree and nature of exposure. The following protective equipment should be available;
Eye Protection	Safety glasses with full face shield should be used for handling concentrate in quantity, cleaning up spills, decanting, etc. Eye protection devices should conform to relevant regulations. Eye protection should conform with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 - Eye Protectors for Industrial Applications.
Hand Protection	Wear gloves of impervious material such as butyl rubber, natural latex, neoprene, PVC and nitrile – to handle in quantity, clean up spills, decanting, etc. Final choice of appropriate gloves will vary according to individual circumstances. i.e. methods of handling or according to risk assessments undertaken. Occupational protective gloves should conform to relevant regulations. Reference should be made to AS/NZS 2161.1: Occupational protective gloves - Selection, use and maintenance.
Body Protection	Suitable protective workwear, e.g. rubber or plastic apron, sleeves, boots and cotton overalls buttoned at neck and wrist are recommended. Chemical resistant apron is recommended where large quantities are handled.
Respirator	If engineering controls are not effective in controlling airborne exposure then an approved respirator with a replaceable vapor/mist filter should be used. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning respiratory protective requirements. Reference should be made to Australian Standards AS/NZS 1715, Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/NZS 1716, Respiratory Protective Devices, in order to make any necessary changes for individual circumstances.

SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES			
Physical State	Non-viscous liquid	Colour	Red
Odour	characteristic odour	Specific Gravity	1.02 – 1.05 @ 25 °C
<b>Boiling Point</b>	Approximately 100 °C	Freezing Point	Approximately 0 °C
Vapour Pressure	Not available	Vapour Density	Not available
Flash Point	Not flammable	Flammable Limits	none
Water Solubility	Miscible in all proportions	рН	13.0 – 13.6 neat
Volatile Organic	0 % v/v	Per Cent Volatile	Ca 80 % v/v
Compounds (VOC)	U % V/V		
Viscosity	Not available	Odour Threshold	Not available

SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY		
Reactivity	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	
<b>Conditions to Avoid</b>	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight. Reacts with acids.	
Incompatibilities	ACIDS: violent reaction can occur, yielding heat and pressure, which can burst an enclosed container. Attacks many reactive metals (aluminium/magnesium/zinc alloys) releasing highly flammable gas (hydrogen), which generates fire or explosion hazards. Reacts slowly with ambient air (particularly carbon dioxide), which may cause certain insoluble salts top form in solutions.	
Hazardous		
Decomposition	Thermal decomposition may result in the release of toxic and/or irritating fumes.	

#### SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS



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xpected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product
that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:
Inhalation of mists or aerosols can produce mucous membrane and respiratory irritation.
Irritating to skin - may cause severe irritation. Severity depends on the concentration and
duration of exposure. May cause allergic skin reactions.
Concentrated product causes eye irritation. Eye contact with concentrate will cause stinging,
blurring, tearing. Contact with concentrated product may cause serious eye damage.
Swallowing can result in nausea, vomiting of blood and eroded tissue; chemical burns of the
mouth, throat & abdomen; perforation of the gastrointestinal tract.
Prolonged and repeated skin contact with diluted solutions may induce eczematoid dermatitis.
Oral LD50 (calculated) : >5000 mg/kg
No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NOHSC.
No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NTP.
No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by IARC.
Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer.
Classified as a category 1 skin sensitizer.
Not considered to be a mutagenic hazard.
Not considered to be toxic to reproduction.
Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.
Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.
Not expected to be an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL	INFORMATION
Eco-toxicity	Harmful to aquatic life.
Product (as sold)	Acute Aquatic Toxicity - 3
	Acute Aquatic Toxicity (Calculated) LC50: 12 - 14 mg/L.
Eco-toxicity	Not harmful to aquatic life. LC50 > 100mg/L.
Product (at use dilution	Acute Aquatic Toxicity (Calculated) LC50: 1200 - 1400 mg/L.
1:100 rinse)	Acute Aquatic Toxicity NOT HAZARDOUS
Persistence and	Biodegradable, based on ingredients.
degradability	
Bio accumulative	No bioaccumulation is expected.
potential	
Mobility in soil	Due to its physico-chemical characteristics, highly mobile in the environment and will partition
	to the aquatic compartment.
Other adverse effects	Not available
<b>Environmental Protection</b>	Do not discharge this material into waterways.

SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS	
	Dispose of waste according to applicable local and national regulations. Do not allow into
	drains or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Wastes
	including emptied containers are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance
	with all applicable local and national regulations.

SECTION 14 – TRANSPORT INFORMATION		
Labels Required		
ADG	NA	



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<b>IMDG Marine Pollutant</b>	No	
HAZCHEM	NA	
Land Transport (ADG)	Land Transport (ADG)	
UN Number	None allocated.	
Proper Shipping Name	None allocated.	
<b>ADG Code Hazard Class</b>	None allocated.	
HAZCHEM Code	None allocated.	
<b>Special Provisions</b>	None allocated.	
Packing Group	None allocated.	
Packaging Method	None allocated.	
IERG Number	None allocated.	
Segregation	None allocated.	

SECTION 15 - REGULATOR	Y INFORMATION
GHS Classification	Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and
	labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia.
SUSMP	S5
ADG Code	NDG
AICS	All ingredients present on AICS.

SECTION 16 – OTHER INFO	RMATION
Issue Date	31 <sup>st</sup> August 2018
Version Number	V 2.0 1 <sup>st</sup> GHS Classification
Abbreviations and	ADG Code: Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail.
acronyms	AICS: Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances.
	CAS Number: Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number.
	GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	HAZCHEM: An emergency action code of numbers and letters which gives information to emergency
	services.
	HSIS: Hazardous Substances Information System
	IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer.
	NOHSC: National Occupational Health and Safety Commission.
	NTP: National Toxicology Program (USA).
	SDS: Safety Data Sheet
	STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit.
	<b>SUSMP</b> : Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.
	TWA: Time Weighted Average.
	UN Number: United Nations Number.
Literature references	Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals – Code of Practice ( Safe Work Australia)
	GHS Hazardous Chemical Information List (Safe Work Australia)
	Guidance on the Classification of Hazardous Chemicals under the WHS Regulations.
	Global Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)
	"Australian Exposure Standards". Safework Australia
	Australian Code For The Transport Of Dangerous Goods By Road And Rail
	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons
	Material Safety Data Sheets – individual raw materials – Suppliers



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	HSIS – Hazardous Substance Information System – National Safe Work Australia Data Base.  HCIS – Hazardous Chemical Information System – National Safe Work Australia Data Base.
Disclaimer	This MSDS summarizes at the date of issue our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of this product, and in particular how to safely handle and use this product in the workplace. Since the supplier cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, review this MSDS in the context of how the user intends to handle and use the product in the workplace. If clarification or further information is needed to ensure that an appropriate assessment can be made, the user should contact this supplier.
End of SDS	